Statistics and Probability at Fen Rivers

Progression pathway

In Year 2 we will...

- Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables
- Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity
- Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data

In Year 3 we will...

- Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables
- Solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables

In Year 4 we will...

- Interpret and present discrete and continuous date using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs
- Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs

In Year 5 we will...

- Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph
- Complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables

In Year 6 we will...

- Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems
- Calculate and interpret the mean as an average

In KS3 we will...

- Describe, interpret and compare observed distributions of a single variable through: appropriate graphical representation involving discrete, including grouped, data; and appropriate measures of central tendency (mean, mode, median) and spread (range, consideration of outliers)
- Construct and interpret appropriate tables, charts and diagrams, including frequency tables, bar

charts, pie charts, and pictograms for categorical data, and vertical line (or bar) charts for ungrouped and grouped numerical data

• Describe mathematical relationships between two variables (bivariate data) in observational and experimental contexts and illustrate using scatter graphs

Probability:

- Record and describe the frequency of outcomes of simple probability experiments involving randomness, fairness, equally and unequally likely outcomes, using appropriate language and the 0-1 probability scale
- Understand that the probabilities of all possible outcomes sum to 1
- Enumerate sets and unions/intersections of sets systematically, using tables, grids and Venn diagrams
- Generate theoretical sample spaces for single and combined events with equally likely, mutually exclusive outcomes and use these to calculate theoretical probabilities